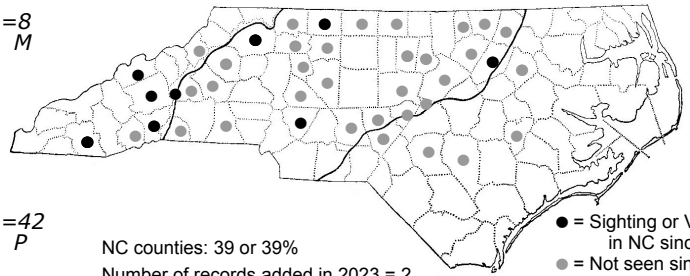
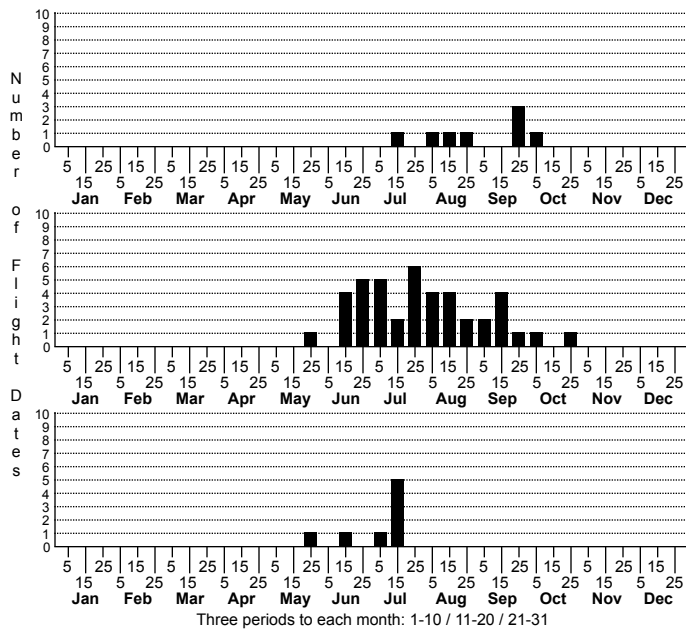


## *Stylurus laurae* Laura's Clubtail



NC counties: 39 or 39%

Number of records added in 2023 = 2

Photo (vetted) in 2024: Cabarrus, Madison

High counts of:

2 - Orange - 2002-06-13

2 - Orange - 2002-07-05

2 - Orange - 2002-07-30

Earliest date: Montgomery 1980-05-22

Latest date: Davidson 1984-10-24

Status		Rank	
NC	US	NC	Global
W	-	S2S3	G4

**DISTRIBUTION:** Occurs in the lower elevations of the mountains, the Piedmont, and the upper Coastal Plain. Ranges east only to Halifax, Edgecombe, and Lenoir counties. Only five county records for the mountain province.

**ABUNDANCE:** Rare and declining across most of the state, and likely absent from the eastern half of the Coastal Plain; certainly has declined in recent years. Most recent records are for the lower mountains and foothills. Though one of the more widespread of the stream clubtails (*Stylurus* species) in the state, it is quite scarce nowadays and we have a daily peak count of just 2 individuals. There seem to be no Coastal Plain records since 2000.

**FLIGHT:** Mid-June (rarely from late May) into early October in the Piedmont. In the mountains, the flight is narrower, with records only from mid-July to early October, though it should occur in the latter part of June. In the Coastal Plain, the few records fall between late May and mid-July, though it certainly occurs into the fall season there. In GA it flies from early or mid-June into September (Beaton 2007).

**HABITAT:** Mainly breeds at small to medium-sized creeks, where clean and with a sandy bottom.

**BEHAVIOR:** Males are most often seen perched on leaves close to the water. Though they forage during the middle of the day, the species is most active late in the day. Thus, this species can often be difficult to observe because of time of day and infrequency of perching on the ground or in the open.

**COMMENTS:** Considering that Dunkle (2000) calls the species "uncommon" throughout its range, and Beaton (2007) calls it "rare and local" in its GA range, and both indicate its difficulty of observation, it is a pleasant surprise that we have over 50 records with dates in the state, covering 37 counties. Even so, nearly all of these records were supplied by Duncan Cuyler in the 20th Century. It is not often encountered nowadays, and always just one or two individuals at any one site. Especially disturbing is the very few recent records from the Piedmont and Coastal Plain, suggesting a strong decline in numbers in these provinces. Its State Rank is therefore moved from S4 to now S2S3, though it stays on the N.C. Natural Heritage Program's Watch List, for now.